









# **FEWSTERN**

Simulating and optimizing FEWs across continental US at the county-scale

Laureline Josset, James Rising, Joohye Lim, Naresh Devineni, Tess Russo, Tara Troy, Maura Allaire, Michelle Ho, Upmanu Lall

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#### Model characteristics

 CONTUS to capture effects beyond watershed or state boundaries

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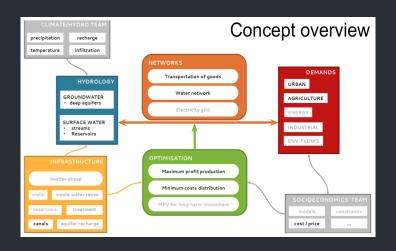
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- Monthly timestep to capture seasonal variation
- Time horizon of ~ 10 years to study decadal climate oscillation



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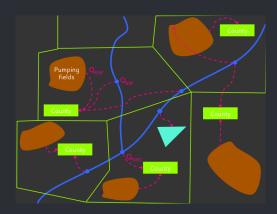
#### Research questions

Simulation How climate variability affects ability to satisfy FEWs demands?

Optimization How should FEWs resources be managed to increase resiliency?

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- SW withdrawals
- GW pumping volumes
- Reservoirs captures and releases

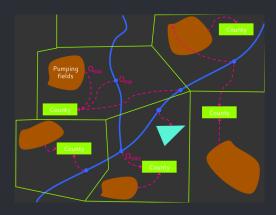


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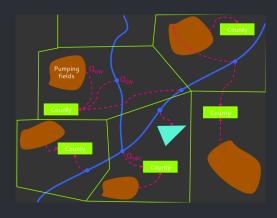
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Assumption: cost ∝ operations

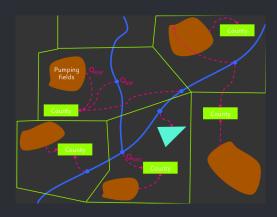


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 $\rightarrow$  Linear formulation: allows for large scale applications and the systematic propagation of uncertainty

An example to illustrate the potential of the approach:

- Considering current demands and crop choices, how does irrigation demand fluctuate in function of the climate?
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- 10 most common crops represented (e.g. barley, wheat, corn)
- Statistical yield model to estimate crop production in function of irrigation and rain (endogenous irrigation water demand model)

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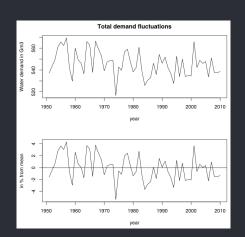
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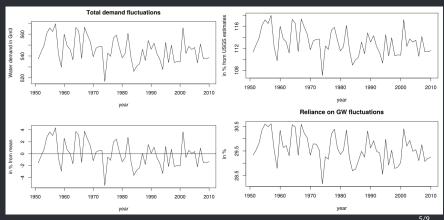
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Temporal fluctuations at the national scale



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Comparison with USGS estimates



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#### CONSTRAINTS

- Meeting water demands
- Function of water availability
- Infrastructure capacity
- Crop constraints (e.g. cultivated area)

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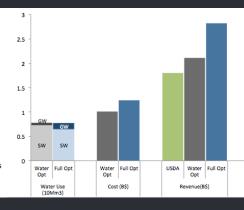
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- A more sophisticated groundwater model
- Endogenous demand models for the urban and industrial sector
- Climate inputs: 500 years of reconstructed streamflows
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#### AWASH a tool to model FEWs

- Changes in food preferences
- Penetration of renewables
- Infrastructure design and Environmental policy

# Acknowledgments

#### Funding agencies

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#### References

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# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION